

STATE'S CLAIM PAID BY TRUST COMPANY

ATTORNEY GENERAL RECEIVES \$5,747.39 FROM COLUMBUS BANK AND FORMER STATE AUDITOR.

ANOTHER SIMILAR SUIT HAS BEEN FILED

Denman Makes Statement Exonerating Ex-Auditor Guilbert—Other General News of Interest Heard at Ohio's Capital.

Columbus.—Attorney General Denman has announced the receipt by the state of \$5,747.39 from former State Auditor Guilbert and the Capitol Trust Co., in settlement in full of the state's claim for interest on checks and drafts deposited by the auditor between May 8, 1905, and November, 1907, for collection. The amount paid included 6 per cent interest on the claim to August 1, 1910.

In a letter to the attorney general, attorney for the trust company, adhered to the opinion that the claim was not valid, but said the bank preferred to settle it in full, rather than to enter litigation, which might be accompanied by misleading rumor.

Exonerate Guilbert. The attorney general in a joint statement, construed the state depository act as requiring the state auditor to deposit checks and drafts he received in payment of the excise and inheritance taxes with the state treasurer, instead of making the collection himself. The state's claim was based on the estimate of the state accountant, of what the funds would have earned at 2 1/2 per cent if deposited by the treasurer in inactive depositories.

Denman, in a statement, says: "We deem it fair to say that our investigations have not disclosed, and that we have no reason to believe, that the trust company paid, or that Mr. Guilbert, either personally or as auditor of the state, received any consideration whatever for the use of funds so deposited by him."

Another Files Claim.

Denman announced that the state had filed with the receiver of the old Merchants and Manufacturers' bank a claim of \$31,809.02 for interest at 3 per cent on checks and drafts deposited by Guilbert for collection before the passage of the state depository act. The claim is on the ground of court decisions that checks and drafts deposited for collection are to be considered as cash and banks are liable for interest at the current rate if such funds are used as money.

July in the Ohio Oil Fields.

The southeastern Ohio field completed 15 wells, a drop of 25 from the June record. The new production amounted to 1,296 barrels. Of the total completions 54 proved producers or gas wells. The 96 wells listed as producers had an average of 1 1/2 barrels, as against an average of 18 1/3 barrels in June. The new production for July was 739 barrels below the record for June and the difference was due to the falling off in completed work and a much lighter average in the size of the wells coming in near Bremen and Junction City, in Fairfield and Perry counties. For two months there has been fewer larger wells completed in those two counties.

Reason to Join O. N. G.

Escape from jury duty is one inducement offered for enlistment in the Ohio National Guard. Certificates exempting the holder from serving on juries are being sent out by the Fifth infantry. The requirement is that the man pay \$10 as a contributing member of the guard, "to defray ordinary expenses incurred for the benefit of enlisted men and to make the service more attractive."

Soldiers Fed on 27 Cents.

Can you live on 27 cents a day and eat three good square meals in these times of high prices? That is what it costs to feed each one of the 3,000 soldiers now in Columbus on state duty, though, according to statute, each soldier is allowed 40 cents. The daily saving of 13 cents a man goes to the credit of the companies; so there is an encouragement to save.

The regular army ration allowance is 25 cents a day, though it often costs less than that. When the National Guard camped at Fort Benjamin Harrison in 1908 the actual cost, for subsistence for each man was between 19 and 20 cents for the militiamen, though the 40-cent allowance was in force, and for the regulars about 21 cents. There, however, the army baked its own bread, at a cost of a fraction over 2 cents per loaf, while the commissary department is paying 4 cents a loaf at Columbus.

State Capital Growing Fast.

As a first census sample from Ohio, the state capital makes a splendid showing. Its gain exceeds the expectations of outsiders and must surprise many of its own citizens.

Congressman to Inspect Harbors.

Congressman from the lake shore districts of Ohio will be taken on an inspection trip of the southern shore of Lake Erie shortly. Government work in harbor improvement authorized by the last congress, will be inspected.

New Coal Prices in Effect.

Practically all of the Hooking valley coal companies have put in effect new prices on their product. Hooking lump went up to \$1.40 a ton at the mines, three-quarter lump to \$1.30, run-of-mine to \$1.10 and nut to \$1.15, with fine coal subject to quotation. The new prices had no effect on the market, lake shipments being the principal business of the operating companies just now. There are some domestic orders coming in, but no stocking for the winter is yet being done.

Will Have Average Crop.

A canvass of all the wheat-growing states, just completed, indicates that the yield of Ohio this year will be about an average crop.

The reports from state departments, which are in practically all cases based on the returns of assessors this spring, who secured from farmers statements of their actual measured yields, show an aggregate harvest for 1909 of 39,279,080 bushels.

On July 1 last estimated wheat area for harvest, 1,682,874 acres. Estimated production, 14 bushels per acre, 23,476,192 bushels state as whole. Quality of grain satisfactory. Many reports of promising yields. No serious damage by insect pests. Early reports of damage by joint worm greatly exaggerated.

Original wheat areas seeded for 1910 harvest estimated at 1,721,050 acres. Two per cent plowed up in spring; ground put to oats and corn. The 1910 area one of the smallest in number of years, approximately same as 1909. Production should about equal that of last year. On June 1 condition it would have been 24,368 acres.

Above statistics compiled from reports received from some 1,200 correspondents over the state. Returns of township assessors will no doubt show slight increase in 1910 wheat area. State board statistics furnish the following comparisons:

	Area.	Production.
1906	2,022,784	39,279,680
1907	2,009,731	30,918,367
1908	1,822,639	28,955,496
1909	1,711,047	23,532,142

To Start Wreck Probe.

A point, may be strained by the state railroad commission to investigate the wreck at Belle Valley, Noble county, in which the first section of the special train carrying the second battalion of the Fourth regiment ran into a switch said to have been maliciously thrown open. The commission is not especially authorized to investigate cases unless there are fatalities or unless wrecks are due to the negligence of the railway company. The commission is moved to conduct an inquiry because the wrecked train contained state militia.

All those injured in the wreck were said to be recovering.

Pomeroy Scale Settled.

The mining agreement for the coming two years which has been in dispute since April 1, without, however, causing any stoppage of work at the mines, has been satisfactorily settled and all threatened trouble thus disposed of. A number of firms operate properties in the Pomeroy district and about 1,200 miners are employed in the field. This leaves the Crooksville district, in the vicinity of Zanesville, and the Goshen district, which comprises Carroll and Tuscarawas counties, the only districts in which an agreement has not been made. These districts employ about 5,000 miners and produce about 3,000,000 tons of coal a year. Settlement in either district does not appear to be in sight. The suspension in these two districts is costing the mine workers' organization about \$2,000 a day and already \$40,000 has been paid out in the Crooksville field since April 1.

State Banks Show Well.

F. E. Baxter, state superintendent of banks and banking, has made public the consolidated statements of the state banks and trust companies under date of June 30. The statement shows that these banks have been making a steady gain during the last year.

Total resources show an increase of \$33,000,000 over the statements of June 23, 1910. Individual deposits show an increase of \$10,000,000 in the same time, while savings deposits have jumped from \$220,000,000 on June 23, 1910, to \$238,900,000 on June 30, 1910. The consolidated statement shows a very healthy condition of the state banks and trust companies of Ohio.

Gets Big Gas Well.

The Columbus Gas & Fuel Co. is continuing to drill in some good gas wells in the Knox-Licking field, and the other day one was brought in, in Knox county, which is good for 4,000,000 cubic feet a day. The company has drilled in several good wells this summer and expects to have all the gas needed for consumption in Columbus this winter.

Free Lunch Law Held Invalid.

The Schafer anti-free lunch law has been declared unconstitutional by Police Judge Bode of Cincinnati. Judge Bode held that the law could neither be enforced under the constitutional provision that the legislature may provide against the evils resulting from the liquor traffic, nor under the police power given by the constitution. He held that the legislature might prohibit the giving of free lunches in saloons, but that it could not say what sort of food a man must eat in a saloon if he chose to eat there.

Ohio Association Rifle Matches.

The schedule for the matches of the Ohio State Rifle association at Camp Perry is: Monday, August 8, Hale matches of the association; Tuesday, August 9, Catrow cup match (the prize being offered by Colonel Catrow of the Third Ohio, Dayton), 800, 900 and 1,000 yards; Wednesday, August 10, Adjutant general's match, 1,000 yards, and the DuPont individual tyro match, 900 yards; Thursday, August 11, Herrick cup match, 800, 900 yards, and the first stage of the governor's match; Friday, August 12, Do Proxies "Go".

Secretary of State Thompson had put up to him a few days ago a new question—can one or more delegates from a county vote the entire delegation in a district convention? It is new because there has been no previous ruling on the provisions of the Bronson primary law that proxies cannot be voted in committees or conventions and that no delegate can cast the vote of another.

With this question goes another, whether a convention of less than a quorum can act and bind the party.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR HOLD TRIENNIAL IN CHICAGO

Great Conclave Presided Over by Acting Grand Master Melish—Wonderful Parade Through Elaborately Decorated Streets Is the Most Spectacular Feature.

Chicago.—Marching to the music of forty-two bands and the almost equally melodious cheers of hundreds of thousands of their relatives, friends and admirers, some 50,000 Knights Templar took part August 9 in the greatest parade ever held by the order. Their waving plumes and fine uniforms were fittingly set off by the beautiful decorations of the streets and buildings, and the scene was one that will not soon be forgotten by those who were fortunate enough to witness it.

This magnificent parade was the climax, in a spectacular way, of the thirty-first triennial convocation of Knights Templar, which opened here on Sunday, Aug. 7, in accordance with the time honored custom of the grand encampment, the doings of the week began with divine service.

Begin With Divine Service. The sir knights selected Orchestra hall for this purpose and entirely filled



Acting Grand Master Melish.

the body of that hall to listen to a sermon on "Templarism," delivered by Rev. Dr. George H. MacAdam of Madison, Wis., in the absence of Sir Knight George C. Rafter of Cheyenne, Wyo., very eminent grand prelate of the grand encampment. The music was in charge of the grand organist of the grand commandery of Illinois, the choir consisting of several male quartets belonging to the order in this state. The Grand Encampment of the United States marched to the hall escorted by sir knights of the various commanderies of Cook county, commanded by Benjamin S. Wilson, chairman of the escort committee. In many of the leading churches of the city special services were held which were attended by visiting knights and their families.

Monday was devoted mainly to the receiving of the grand and subordinate commanderies and escorting them to their hotels. It is estimated that fully 100,000 visitors came with the knights and that about 300,000 other excursionists have flocked to the city this week in consequence of the convocation. Of course every hotel was thronged and thousands of the visitors found quarters in private residences. On Monday evening all the local and visiting commanderies kept open house at their respective headquarters, and many of the visitors found their way to the various amusement parks and the theaters.

Parade of The Knights.

The "grand parade" of Tuesday was the largest parade of Knights Templar ever held. The preparations were elaborate and Michigan boulevard was most elaborately decorated. The sir knights formed in line of march on the boulevard southeast of Thirty-first street, and signal to move was given by the guns of Battery B, I. N. G., the detachment of Knights Templar all of whom are members of the battery. The same detachment fired the salute to the grand master.

Marching northward in Michigan boulevard, the parade passed, near Hubbard court, beneath an entrance arch built in the form of an ancient battlement with its towers and turrets. This was intended to represent the entrance to the city, and as the column passed under it, buglers stationed on its heights heralded the approach of each grand division.

Next the knights came abreast of the first grand stand, one-half mile in

length, and this needed no decorations, for it was filled to its capacity mainly with ladies whose beautiful summer costumes made it like a vast garden. About 50,000 persons were in this immense stand, as at its center was a gorgeous throne on which sat the acting grand master, William Bromwell Melish of Cincinnati, who became head of the order on the recent death of Grand Master Henry W. Rugg of Providence, R. I. Mr. Melish will be regularly elected grand master before the close of the convocation.

Just north of the Art Institute the parade passed before another reviewing stand in which were Mayor Busse, the city council and the park commissioners.

Beautiful "Templar Way."

At Washington street the marchers turned west to State, where they entered on the "Templar Way." This stretch extended from Randolph to Van Buren street and was made beautiful by a handsome arch and massive Corinthian columns of pure white erected thirty-three feet apart on both sides of the street. Festoons of natural laurel connected the columns, and the bright red cross and the shield and coat of arms of the order were prominent in the scheme of decoration.

Moving south to Jackson boulevard, the knights again turned west, near the federal building passed before yet another reviewing stand which accommodated Governor Deneen and his staff. Marching north on La Salle street, the parade passed beneath the grand commandery arch of pure white which spanned the street at the La Salle hotel, the headquarters of the grand commandery of Illinois. This was a beautiful structure designed by one of Chicago's most famous sculptors. Upon its top stood the figures of mounted knights fourteen feet high. At the new city hall on Washington street the parade was dismissed, after marching forty-three blocks.

Care For the Marchers.

Everything that could be thought of for the comfort of the paraders and the spectators was done by the local committees. In nearly every block along the line of march were stationed physicians who were also knights templar, with trained nurses and equipment for emergency cases. In addition, emergency hospitals to be kept open day and night during the convocation were established at many points in the center of the city, and at the West Side ball park which was selected as the place for the competitive drills.

Wednesday and Thursday were the days set apart for the drills for which handsome trophies are awarded, and band concerts, sight seeing and many receptions were on the program.

Entrancing Scenes at Night.

The scene in the streets at night was especially beautiful, for all the arches, festoons and columns of the decorative scheme were brilliantly illuminated, and on State street, in addition to the "Templar Way," the marchers had put up decorations that transformed the great shopping district into a veritable fairy land. Undoubtedly the most spectacular feature of the night display was the wonderful electric set piece erected in Grant park on the lake front, reproducing in colossal size the official emblem or badge of the convocation. It was 150 feet high and its 5,000 powerful electric lights of varied colors brilliantly illuminated all that part of the city.

Much of the success of the convocation must be attributed to the efforts of John D. Cleveland, grand commander of Illinois and president of the triennial executive committee. Arthur MacArthur of Troy, N. Y., is the very eminent grand generalissimo of the grand encampment and W. Frank Pierce of San Francisco the grand captain general.

Among the most noted of the visiting masons from other lands are: The Right Hon. the Earl of Euston, pro grand master of the great priory of England and Wales; the Lord Altham, past great constable; Thomas Fraser, great marshal; R. Newton Crane, past great standard bearer; H. J. Harter, John Ferguson, past preceptor of England and Wales, and the Right Hon. Luther B. Archibald, most eminent grand master of the great priory of Canada, and official staff.

THE WIND AND OUR NERVES

Why the Cool, Pure Northwest Breezes Are More Invigorating Than Those From the East.

The east winds hug the earth more closely and gather moisture, dust and bacteria. They are cold and humid, altogether forming an enervating influence on human and animal life and rendering it susceptible to the disease germs which the winds carry and disseminate.

The cool, pure northwest winds come from a region of dry, highly electrified air where ozone exists in comparatively large quantities. They are invigorating. The framework of nerves in the human being is like a delicate electrical apparatus, the nerves being the wires and the brain and ganglia receiving and distributing energy. Every one knows that a telephone works better on a clear, dry day than on a wet, muggy one. The moist atmosphere lessens vitality. The nerve fires grow feeble and heavy. The messages become confused. Hence

Driven Out. Bacon—I bought my wife a horse and carriage, and she drove me out every day. Egbert—Well, I bought my wife a piano, and she drives me out every day.—Yonkers Statesman.

TRAIN HITS AUTOMOBILE

Two Were Killed Outright and Three Fatally Injured.

Birmingham, Ala.—Two were killed outright, three fatally injured and two others may die as the result of an automobile being struck by an engine at a railroad crossing near West Lake, below Bessemer. The chauffeur and a young lady passenger were the ones killed outright.

Only one passenger escaped uninjured. He jumped from the car before the engine struck. The automobile maintains a regular passenger schedule between Bessemer and West Lake, and it was carrying eleven passengers to the lake.

The machine was struck by the fast passenger train on the Southern railway shortly after 4 o'clock, and was demolished. There is a steep grade leading down to the Southern tracks just before West Lake is reached, and as the highway is in a cut it was impossible for the chauffeur to see the locomotive or for the engineer to see the automobile. The front wheels of the automobile had just run on to the tracks when the engine, running at high speed, struck it.

TROOPS LEAVING COLUMBUS.

It Is Believed That All Rioting Has Ended.

Columbus, O.—The Eighth regiment, Ohio National guard, has left Columbus after ten days' car strike duty. The Third regiment and auxiliary commands will remain on duty another day. All the city and military authorities believe that rioting has been ended, although should it break out again troops will be returned.

Nothing has been accomplished in peace negotiations. A letter to Gov. Harmon from the carmen's union offering to submit the whole dispute to the state board of arbitration has been turned over to General Manager Stewart of the Columbus Railway & Light Co.

Manager Stewart says the company has given its last word so far as settlement is concerned, and it is up to the union to accept its proposition of last week or nothing.

ILLINOIS PLANT BLOWN UP.

Two Dead and Seven Are Thought to Be Fatally Hurt.

Granite City, Ill.—Two men are dead and seven are believed to be fatally hurt as the result of an explosion on the Corn Products Refining Co.'s plant. The sixth floor was wrecked, and it was an hour before the men could be taken out. The top of the plant was blown 600 feet in the air.

The explosion was caused, according to officials of the company, by spontaneous combustion, due to the large amount of dust.

All of the injured, with the exception of one, were working on the sixth floor, sacking the corn dust as it came from the refining plant.

The concussion blew out the whole east side of the sixth story, and threw everything in its path against the west side.

GOV. FOLK INJURED

Chauffeur Attempts to Keep Automobile from Overturning.

Muscantine, Ia.—Former Gov. Joseph W. Folk was injured in an auto smash-up near Muscantine, when, to save the machine from turning turtle, the driver took a ditch and hit a telegraph pole. Mr. Folk and three companions were hurled out of the machine and the governor sustained bruises on his right arm and left leg. His right wrist also was sprained when he struck the bank. Besides sustaining severe injuries the governor's clothing was badly torn. The machine was wrecked.

—Youth's Companion.

NOTED EDITOR DEAD.

Baltimore, Md.—Col. Harvey W. Scott, editor and part owner of the Portland Oregonian, died at the Johns Hopkins hospital following an operation for a minor trouble. The body was shipped to Portland, Ore., and the funeral will be held next Saturday or Sunday.

His death was unexpected and was a blow to his relatives. He was born in Tazewell county, Illinois, February 1, 1838, and was reared on a farm. He later received a classical education and went to Oregon in 1852.

He had been an editor of the Oregonian since 1865. He is survived by his widow and four children.

Special Session Will Be Called.

Galveston, Tex.—The blocking of the ten-mile liquor bill in the Texas senate has decided Gov. Campbell to call a special session of the Thirty-second legislature in December to give Texas prohibition.

May Revolutionize Mathematics.

Kansas City.—Michael Angelo McGinnis, serving a ten-year sentence for forgery in the Missouri penitentiary, claims to have made mathematical discoveries which will have a sweeping influence on that science.

Sleepwalker Killed by Brother.

Albany, Ga.—Mistaken for a burglar while walking in his sleep Juintus Land, the 16-year-old son of a wealthy merchant of this place, was shot and killed by his elder brother, Ivey Land.

Aged Divine to Wed.

St. Louis, Mo.—Miss Margaret Duncan, a society leader in Louisville, Ky., is to be married to Rev. Dr. Herrick Johnson, of St. Louis. Mr. Johnson is 80 years old and the young woman is 22. Dr. Johnson is widely known in religious circles throughout the country, especially among the clergy of the Presbyterian church. He served at one time as moderator of the general assembly. He has also held the office of president of McCormick seminary in Chicago. He is at present professor emeritus of that institution.

60 Bushels of Wheat

per acre is not unusual in England because the farmers there know the value of fertilizers and use them liberally. You can double your crops and preserve the fertility of your soil by using

Armour's Fertilizers

Increase the Yield, Improve the Quality and Enrich the Soil. Every Harvest Proves It. Armour Fertilizer Works, - Chicago

His Busy Season.

"How's business?" "Brisk," answered the druggist. "I've bought tickets for two picnics and four excursions this morning, and donated goods for several indoor affairs."

For Red, Itching Eyelids, Cysts, Styes, Falling Eyelashes and All Eyes That Need Care Try Muring Eye Salve. Asper's Toilet-Trial Size—See Ask Your Druggist—Write Muring Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

It Was the Other Way.

"Mr. Jones," said the senior partner in the wholesale dry goods house to the drummer who stood before him in the private office, "you have been with us for the past ten years."

"Yes, sir."

"And you ought to know the rules of the house. One of them is that no man of ours shall take a side line."

"But I have none, sir."

"But you have lately got married."

"Yes; but can you call that a side line, Mr. Jones?"

"Technically, it may not be."

"You needn't fear that having a wife is going to bring me in off a trip any sooner."

"Oh, I don't. It is the fear that having a wife at home you'll want to stay out on the road altogether!"

RAW ECZEMA ON HANDS

"I had eczema on my hands for ten years. I had three good doctors but none of them did any good. I then used one box of Cuticura Ointment and three bottles of Cuticura Resolvent and was completely cured. My hands were raw all over, inside and out, and the eczema was spreading all over my body and limbs. Before I had used one bottle, together with the Cuticura Ointment, my sores were nearly healed over, and by the time I had used the third bottle, I was entirely well. To any one who has any skin or blood disease I would honestly advise them to fool with nothing else, but get Cuticura and get well. My hands have never given me the least bit of trouble up to now."

"My daughter's hands this summer became perfectly raw with eczema. She could get nothing that would do them any good until she tried Cuticura. She used Cuticura Resolvent and Cuticura Ointment and in two weeks they were entirely cured. I have used Cuticura for other members of my family and it always proved successful. Mrs. M. E. Palin, Speers Ferry, Va., Oct. 19, 1909."

Helping Him to Make His Mark.

The son of the house had been at home for his summer vacation, and Hiram, man of all work, had listened for hours to his tales of college life. When the boy went back every member of the family tucked a parcel surreptitiously into his trunk. "I put something in there myself," said Hiram, proudly, to one of the young daughters. "I want that boy should make his mark on the football team this year sure."

"What did you give him?" asked the young girl, seeing that Hiram longed to tell.

"I gave him a pair of brass knuckles," said Hiram, in a tone of triumph. "I guess you can't beat that!" —Youth's Companion.

Don't Eat Sopp.

Every now and then you get a faint taste of soap in something you eat. That is because the pot or skillet or saucepan has been cleaned (?) with ordinary yellow soap, and it has left a trace of the rancid fat and nauseating rosin in the vessel. If Easy Task soap is used, the cooking utensils are made absolutely clean and antiseptically sterilized. Families that use Easy Task soap seldom have a doctor's bill to pay, because it drives out disease germs with the dirt. One cake of it is worth two of other sorts.

Why She Brought It Up.

"Do you remember," she asked, "that you said once that unless I promised to be yours the sun would cease to shine?"

"I don't remember it now, but I suppose I may have said something of the kind."

"And have you forgotten that you assured me that unless I permitted you to claim me as your own the moon would fall from her place in the heavens?"

"Oh, well, what if I did say so? Why do you want to bring that up, now?"

"I merely wished to assure you that I'm sorry I didn't shut my eyes and let her fall."

Fine School.

"Your daughter should attend my school of education."

"She shan't! She's attended one, and she's positively—"

"Ah, but I teach a new system. When my pupils are asked to recite they are trained to refuse."

She Knew the Worst.

Mistress (hiring servant)—I hope you know your place?

Servant—Oh, yes, mum! The last three girls you had told me all about it.

Pretty Bad.

Mrs. Hoyle—Does your husband use bad language at home? Mrs. Doyle—He talks to me as if I were a fountain pen.

A man's argument is nearly always self convincing.

A Sufficient Reason.

Alphonse had just returned from a children's party.

"O, mamma!" he cried, "we had a fine time, playing kissing games, and kissing all the girls. But nobody kissed the little girl who gave the party."

"But that wasn't very polite," said the boy's mother. "Why didn't you kiss her?"